

3.5x2.8mm High Temperature Series

#### **Features**

- High reliability LED package.
- Ideal for indication light on hand held products
- Long life and robust package
- Standard Package: 2000pcs/ Reel
- MSL (Moisture Sensitivity Level): 3
- Halogen-free
- RoHS compliant





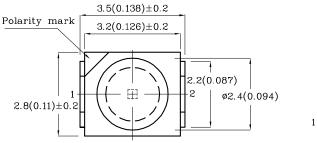


ATTENTION
OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS
FOR HANDLING
ELECTROSTATIC
DISCHARGE
SENSITIVE
DEVICES

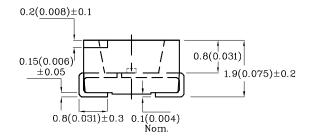
## **Applications**

- Backlighting for tell-tale indicators
- Dashboard lighting
- Interior lighting (footwell, dome light, accent lighting, etc.)
- Exterior lighting (turn signals, side markers, CHMSL, etc.)
- · Signs and signals
- Various applications requiring high temperature rating

# **Package Dimensions**

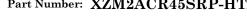






#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25(0.01)$  unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



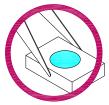
3.5x2.8mm High Temperature Series



# **Handling Precautions**

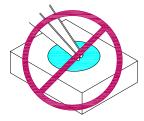
Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.

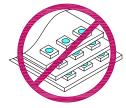


2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.

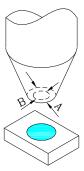




3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



- 4.1. The inner diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks.
- 4.2. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.
- 4.3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.



5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H<sub>2</sub>S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.

XDSB9219 Dec 13, 2019 V3-X Layout: Maggie L.



## Part Number: XZM2ACR45SRP-HTA



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Part Number	Emitting Color	Emitting Material	Lens-color	Luminous Intensity CIE127-2007* (IF=20mA) mcd		Viewing Angle 20 1/2	
				Code.	Min.	Max.	
	Red AlGaInP			V	1300	1600	
XZM2ACR45SRP-HTA			- -	W	1600	1900	
		AIC I D		X	1900	2300	
			AIC I D	W + Cl	Y	2300	2700
		AlGainP	Water Clear -	Q*	300*	400*	120
				R*	400*	500*	
				S*	500*	700*	
				T*	700*	1000*	

## Note:

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power dissipation	PD	196	mW
Junction temperature	$\mathrm{T}_\mathrm{J}$	115	°C
Reverse Voltage	$V_{\rm R}$	5	V
Operating Temperature	Тор	-40 To +100	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 To +115	°C
DC Forward Current	$_{ m IF}$	70	mA
Peak Forward Current [2]	IFM	150	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)		3000	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction/ambient) [1]	Rth j-a	270	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point) [1]	$\mathrm{Rth}\mathrm{j\text{-}s}$	130	°C/W

#### Notes:

- 1. Rth(j-a) Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size  $\!\!\ge\!\!16$  mm² per pad),
- 2. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
- 3. A Relative Humidity between 40% and 60% is recommended in ESD-protected work areas to reduce static build up during assembly process (Reference JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033)

### Electrical / Ontical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

`Parameter	C1 -1	Value			Unit	
rarameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	- Cilit	
Wavelength at peak emission CIE127-2007* IF = $20 \text{mA}$	λpeak	-	640*	·	nm	
Dominant Wavelength CIE127-2007* IF = 20mA	λdom [1]	610*	-	635*	nm	
Spectral bandwidth at 50% Frel max $ \text{If} = 20 \text{mA} $	λD	-	25	-	nm	
Forward Voltage IF = 20mA	VF [2]	-	2.2	2.8	V	
Reverse Current $V_R = 5V$	Ir	-	-	10	μA	
Temperature coefficient of \$\lambda\$peak If = 20mA,-10°C \le T \le 100°C	TCλpeak	-	0.13	-	nm/°C	
Temperature coefficient of $\lambda dom$ If = 20mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 100°C	TCλdom	-	0.06	-	nm/°C	
Temperature coefficient of VF $I_F = 20 mA, -10 ^{\circ} C \leq T \leq 100 ^{\circ} C$	TCv	-	-2.0	-	mV/°C	

#### Notes:

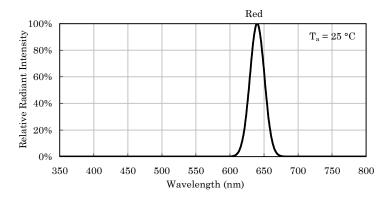
- 1. Wavelength: +/-1nm.
- 2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
- $\mbox{*}$  Wavelength value is in accordance with CIE127-2007 standards.

<sup>1.01/2</sup> is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.

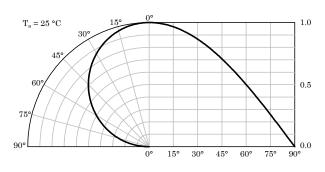
<sup>\*</sup>Luminous intensity value is in accordance with CIE127-2007 standards.





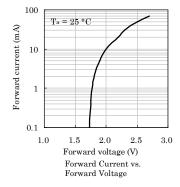


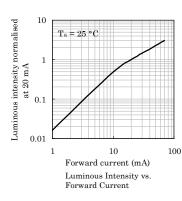
Relative Intensity Vs. CIE Wavelength

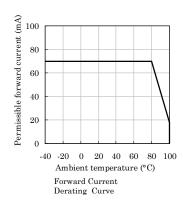


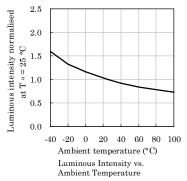
Spatial Distribution

# \* Red



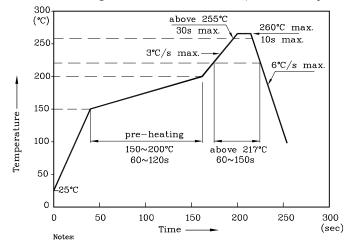






# LED is recommended for reflow soldering and soldering profile is shown below.

Reflow Soldering Profile for SMD Products (Pb-Free Components)



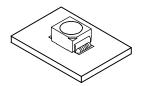
- 1. All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the package body surface facing up during reflow
- 2. Do not apply any stress to the LED during high temperature conditions.

  3. Maximum number of soldering passes: 2

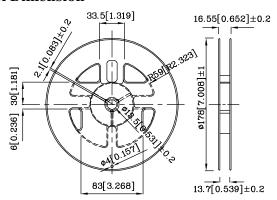




❖ The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.

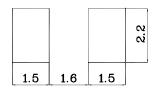


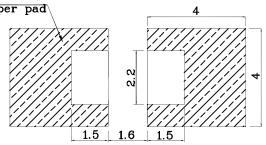
#### \* Reel Dimension



Recommended Soldering Pattern (Units: mm; Tolerance: ±0.1)

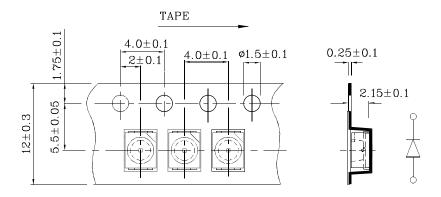
Pad design for improved heat dissipation Cu-area>16mm<sup>2</sup>





Solder resist

# \* Tape Specification (Units:mm)



#### Remarks:

If special sorting is required (e.g. binning based on forward voltage, Luminous intensity / luminous flux, or wavelength), the typical accuracy of the sorting process is as follows:

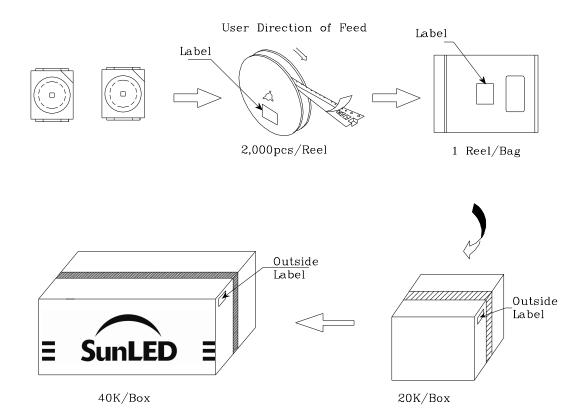
- 1. Wavelength: +/-1nm
- 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%
- 3. Forward Voltage:  $\pm$ -0.1V

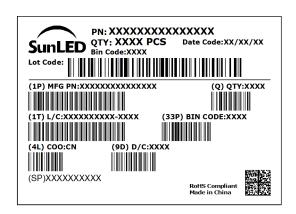
Note: Accuracy may depend on the sorting parameters.





## PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS





#### TERMS OF USE

- 1. Data presented in this document reflect statistical figures and should be treated as technical reference only.
- 2. Contents within this document are subject to improvement and enhancement changes without notice.
- 3. The product(s) in this document are designed to be operated within the electrical and environmental specifications indicated on the datasheet. User accepts full risk and responsibility when operating the product(s) beyond their intended specifications.
- 4. The product(s) described in this document are intended for electronic applications in which a person's life is not reliant upon the LED. Please consult with a SunLED representative for special applications where the LED may have a direct impact on a person's life.
- 5. The contents within this document may not be altered without prior consent by SunLED.
- 6. Additional technical notes are available at https://www.SunLEDusa.com/TechnicalNotes.asp



# **Reliability Test Items And Conditions**

www.SunLEDusa.com

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below

Lot Tolerance Percent Defective (LTPD): 10%

No.	Test Item	Standards	Test Condition	Test Times / Cycles	Number of Damaged
1	Continuous operating test	-	$T_a$ = 25°C, $I_F$ = maximum rated current *	1,000 h	0 / 22
2	High Temp. operating test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (101)	$T_a$ = 100°C, $I_F$ = maximum rated current *	1,000 h	0 / 22
3	Low Temp. operating test	-	$T_a$ = -40°C, $I_F$ = maximum rated current *	1,000 h	0 / 22
4	High temp. storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (201)	$T_a$ = maximum rated storage temperature	1,000 h	0 / 22
5	Low temp. storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (202)	T <sub>a</sub> = -40°C	1,000 h	0 / 22
6	High temp. & humidity storage test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (103)	$T_a = 60$ °C, RH = 90%	500 h	0 / 22
7	High temp. & humidity operating test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (102)	$T_a$ = 60°C, RH = 90% $I_F$ = maximum rated current *	500 h	0 / 22
8	Soldering reliability test	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (301)	Moisture soak: 30°C, 70% RH, 72h Preheat: 150~180°C (120s max.) Soldering temp: 260°C(10s)	2 times	0 / 18
9	Thermal shock operating test	-	$T_a$ = -40°C(15min) ~ 100°C(15min) $I_F$ = derated current at 100°C	1,000 cycles	0 / 22
10	Thermal shock test	-	$T_a$ = -40°C(15min) ~ maximum rated Storage temperature(15min)	1,000 cycles	0 / 22
11	Electric Static Discharge (ESD)	EIAJ ED-4701/100 (304)	$C = 100 pF$ , $R2 = 1.5 K\Omega$ $V = 3000 V$	Once each Polarity	0 / 22
12	Vibration test	-	$a = 196 \text{m/s}^2$ , $f = 100 \sim 2 \text{KHz}$ , $t = 48 \text{min for all xyz axes}$	4 times	0 / 22

<sup>\*:</sup> Refer to forward current vs. derating curve diagram

# Criteria for Judging Damage

Items	Symbols	Conditions	Failure Criteria
luminous Intensity	lv	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	Testing Min. Value < Spec.Min.Value x 0.5
Forward Voltage	VF	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	Testing Max. Value $\geq$ Spec.Max.Value x 1.2
Reverse Current	IR	VR = Maximum Rated Reverse Voltage	Testing Max. Value $\geq$ Spec.Max.Value x 2.5
High temp. storage test	-	-	Occurrence of notable decoloration, deformation and cracking